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### Traffic Surveillance: An Integrated Approach for Helmet and Number Plate Detection

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Peer Review Information	Abstract
<p><i>Submission: 1 Sept 2025</i></p> <p><i>Revision: 28 Sept 2025</i></p> <p><i>Acceptance: 12 Oct 2025</i></p> <p><b>Keywords</b></p> <p><i>Helmet detection, Vehicle number plate recognition, Machine learning, Real-time video analysis, Convolution neural networks, Optical character recognition, Traffic law enforcement, Road safety, Smart city management</i></p>	<p>An integrated system for helmet and number plate detection, aimed at enhancing traffic monitoring and law enforcement. Utilizing advanced computer vision, machine learning, and optical character recognition (OCR) techniques, the system automates the identification of motorcyclists without helmets while accurately recognizing vehicle number plates in real time. Designed to operate effectively under diverse environmental conditions, this approach minimizes the reliance on manual traffic surveillance, improves enforcement efficiency, and strengthens road safety measures. The system is scalable and can be integrated into broader smart city infrastructures, providing real-time data for traffic regulation and management. By automating safety compliance checks, this solution promotes adherence to traffic laws and contributes to safer road environments through intelligent surveillance technology.</p>

#### INTRODUCTION

In modern urban management, traffic surveillance plays a crucial role in ensuring road safety, enforcing regulations, and optimizing traffic flow. One of the emerging advancements in this field is the integration of helmet detection and number plate recognition, which tackles two key concerns: ensuring motor cyclist safety through helmet compliance and accurately identifying vehicles for law enforcement and administrative purposes. This system utilizes advanced computer vision, machine learning, and optical character recognition (ocr) to automatically monitor and analyze traffic scenarios in real time. The helmet detection component identifies whether motorcyclists are adhering to safety regulations, helping reduce

the risk of fatalities and severe injuries in accidents. Simultaneously, the number plate recognition module captures and processes vehicle registration details, even under challenging conditions such as low lighting, poor weather, or high-speed motion. By combining these capabilities in to a single automated framework, the system significantly reduces the need form annual traffic monitoring, improves enforcement accuracy, and minimizes human error in detecting violations. Additionally, its seamless integration with smart city infrastructure enables real-time data processing for better decision-making, such as identifying high-risk areas for non-compliance and stream lining the issuance of penalties.

## LITERATURE REVIEW

In recent years, significant advancements have been made in vehicle monitoring, license plate detection, helmet detection, and surveillance systems using machine learning (ML) and deep learning (DL) techniques. Several studies have explored different methods and models to enhance these detection systems in real-world applications, improving their robustness, accuracy, and efficiency.

Muneer and Azil (2024) developed an AI-powered vehicle monitoring system that utilizes an ensemble approach for intelligent surveillance. The system integrates multiple models to enhance accuracy in real-time vehicle detection and tracking, providing a robust solution for monitoring traffic and identifying potential law violations in real-time [2].

Mustafa and Karabatak (2024) introduced a deep learning-based system for real-time vehicle make, model, and number plate detection. Their system utilizes advanced architectures such as YOLOv4-tiny and MobileNet-V2 to achieve high accuracy in recognizing both the vehicle model and the license plate under various environmental conditions [3].

The integrated system demonstrated a 97.5% success rate, making it highly applicable for traffic management, security, and autonomous driving systems.

Charisma and Suharji to (2024) proposed a modified YOLOv5-

based approach for license plate detection, focusing on enhancing automatic vehicle identification through an efficient detection system that leverages computer vision techniques [15]. Their system was designed to improve the accuracy of identifying license plates under varying environmental conditions. In the realm of helmet detection, Lin (2024) developed a safety helmet detection system based on an improved YOLOv8 model, which enhances real-time detection accuracy in complex environments [4]. Similarly, Cheng (2024) proposed a highly robust helmet detection algorithm that combines YOLOv8 with Transformer models to enhance detection performance in diverse scenarios [13].

Yahia Said et al. (2024) introduced an AI-based helmet violation detection system that utilizes ML algorithms to automatically detect whether individuals are wearing helmets in traffic environments [16]. This system aims to improve traffic safety by detecting helmet violations using real-time data from surveillance cameras. Additionally, Mu et al. (2024) enhanced YOLOv8n for detecting helmets and license plates on electric bicycles, emphasizing the

importance of improved detection methods in areas where electric bicycles are becoming increasingly prevalent [11].

Saravanan and Rajini (2024) conducted a comprehensive study on developing an automatic helmet violator detection system (AHVDS) using advanced machine learning techniques. Their research focused on using deep learning models to improve the performance of helmet detection systems in various conditions, with a particular focus on reducing false positives and increasing detection accuracy in real-time [12].

For multinational license plate detection, Henry et al. (2024) developed a system that applies generalized character sequence detection to recognize license plates from various countries. Their deep learning-based approach, using the YOLOv3-SPP network, was tested on datasets from several countries, demonstrating high accuracy across different license plate layouts [10]. This research is particularly important in regions where diverse license plate formats pose challenges to traditional detection systems.

Liu et al. (2024) introduced YOLOv8-FDD, a real-time vehicle detection method that leverages an improved YOLOv8 model for enhanced performance in detecting and tracking vehicles [7]. Their research emphasized the role of deep learning in optimizing surveillance systems and improving the accuracy of vehicle recognition.

## OBJECTIVES

- To develop an automated system for helmet detection using computer vision techniques.
- To implement number plate recognition using optical character recognition (OCR) for vehicle identification.
- To integrate helmet detection and number plate recognition into a single, cohesive system.
- To minimize the reliance on manual traffic law enforcement through automation.
- To enhance road safety by identifying and flagging helmet violations in real time.
- To improve traffic management by providing accurate and reliable violation data for authorities.

## METHODOLOGY

The traffic surveillance system follows a structured process to detect helmet violations and identify offenders. It begins with capturing images or videos from traffic cameras, which are then analyzed using object detection algorithms to determine whether riders are

wearing helmets.

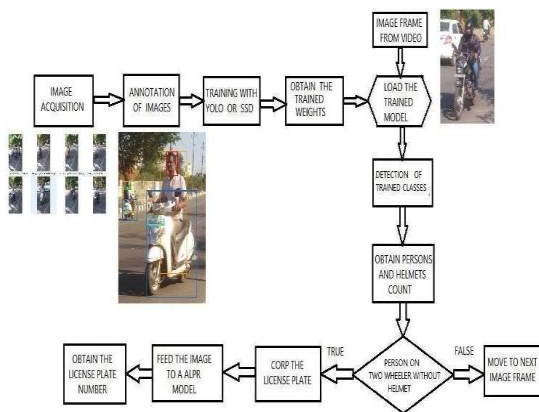
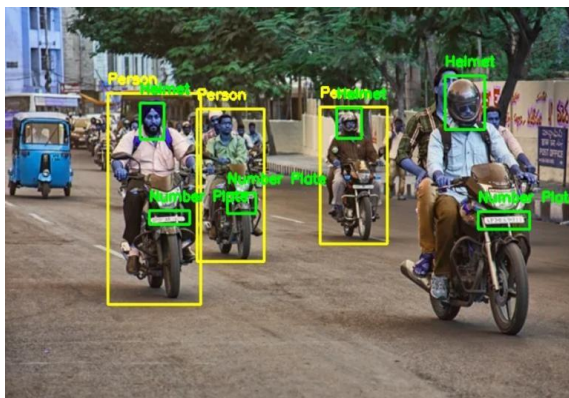


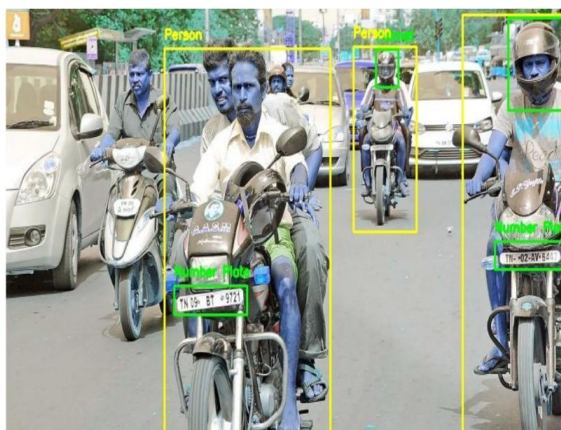
Fig1: System Architecture

If a violation is detected, the system extracts the vehicle's number plate using Optical Character Recognition (OCR) technology. The extracted details are then used to generate a digital challan and initiate the fine collection process. This automated system enhances law enforcement, promotes road safety, and helps reduce accident rates by ensuring compliance with helmet regulations.

## RESULTS



## APPLICATIONS



- **Traffic Law Enforcement:** Automates the detection of helmet violations and number plate recognition for issuing fines and ensuring compliance with traffic laws.
- **Road Safety Monitoring:** Provides real-time surveillance to encourage helmet usage and enhance road safety.
- **Smart City Integration:** Seamlessly integrates with smart city infrastructure for centralized traffic monitoring and data-driven decision-making.
- **Accident Prevention:** Minimizes the risk and severity of accidents by ensuring motorcyclists wear helmets.
- **Automated Traffic Management:** Enhances traffic control systems by automating the identification and reporting of violations.

## ADVANTAGES

- **Enhanced Traffic Safety:** Reduces accident-related injuries by ensuring proper helmet usage.
- **Efficient Law Enforcement:** Speeds up violation detection and fine processing, making law enforcement more effective.
- **Real-Time Surveillance:** Enables continuous monitoring and enforcement of traffic regulations.

## CONCLUSION

The proposed integrated system for helmet and number plate detection provides an effective and automated solution for improving traffic surveillance. By utilizing advanced computer vision techniques such as Haar Cascade classifiers for helmet detection and OCR for number plate recognition, the system enables real-time monitoring of traffic violations. The implementation of OpenCV for image preprocessing, edge detection, and refinement enhances detection accuracy, ensuring reliable results. This framework not only identifies helmet violations but also links vehicles to their owners through number plate recognition, allowing authorities to enforce traffic regulations efficiently. The system has practical applications in reducing road accidents, ensuring compliance with safety laws, and assisting in crime detection. With further enhancements and integration with law enforcement databases, this technology can play a crucial role in developing smarter and safer road networks.

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