

Archives available at journals.mriindia.com

International Journal of Recent Advances in Engineering and Technology

ISSN: 2347-2812 Volume 14 Issue 01, 2025

A Review and Analysis of Expansive Soil: Materials and Stabilization Techniques

Ms. Surekha Nagrale ¹, Ms. Sarika Dilip Kulkarni², Ms. Bushra Naaz Ansari^{3,} Mr.Awayz Abdul Nabi Khan^{4,} Mr. Riyan Ahmad Zaheer Ahmad⁵

 $1, 2\ Ph.D.\ Scholars\ VNIT\ Nagpur\ 3,4,5\ Students,\ Civil\ Engineering\ (Anjuman\ Polytechnic,\ Nagpur),$ $Email:\ surekharawale@gmail.com$

Visvesvaraya National Institute of Technology, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India Anjuman Polytechnic, Sadar, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India

Peer Review Information

Submission: 29 Jan 2025 Revision: 04 March 2025 Acceptance: 10 April 2025

Keywords

Expansive Soil Swelling Shrinkage Water Content Atterberg's Limits

Abstract

The assessment and research in this work are centered on expansive soil behavior and management, which gift major demanding situations in civil engineering while there are volumetric adjustments because of fluctuations in the moisture content material. Expansive soils generally tend to swelling upon wetting and shrinkage while drying out, main to extensive volumetric adjustments that can cause extreme structural failure. The thing discusses several materials and techniques employed to counter the terrible impact of expansive soils on creation paintings. The dialogue consists of soil class, and trendy laboratory trying out strategies inclusive of Atterberg limits, shrinkage exams, and swell capability exams. Stabilization techniques with additives like lime, cement, fly ash, and polymer-based totally merchandise are also discussed. The take a look at additionally consists of recent geotechnical improvements for boosting expansive performance, inclusive of geo-grids, soil reinforcement, and new moisture control procedures. The paper concludes through outlining the limitations of current approaches and suggesting regions for similarly research to maximize the sustainability and efficiency of expansive soil control in production.

INTRODUCTION

Expansive soils, or decrease-swell soils, are a form of soil that reports massive extent changes because of changes in moisture content material. The soils have a unique asset—expansion on wetting and contraction on drying—that can motive excessive troubles in engineering structures like foundation, roads, and pavements. The behavior of expansive soils relies upon on various of factors, along with mineral composition, clay content material and moisture content. The review and research of

expansive soils have emerged as a critical issue of geotechnical engineering to recognize their behavior and to reduce the danger posed through them.

The review is supposed to talk about the fabric and strategies concerned in comparing expansive soils. It incorporates an exhaustive discussion of laboratory testing techniques, including the Atterberg limits, compaction exams, and the swelling capacity tests, that are regularly applied to define those soils. The assessment additionally emphasizes numerous

stabilization methods, which includes the utilization of components like lime, cement, and fly-ash, to enhance expansive soil engineering properties. Through the analysis of the unique materials and techniques, the evaluation offers insights into how engineers can extra efficiently and sustainability layout solutions for resolving the troubles posed by expansive soils.

AIM & OBJECTIVES

AIM: The aim of this study is to provide a detailed review and study of expansive soil, focusing on their nature, behavior and

engineering properties of these soils and suggesting various stabilization techniques and mitigation strategies by using different materials to improve its properties.

OBJECTIVE: 1. To review and summarize the existing literature on expansive soil including materials, methods of stabilization and findings. 2. To analyze the characteristics and compare the effectiveness of different stabilization methods via physical and geotechnical methods and materials used to enhance the geotechnical properties of soil.

RESEARCH WROK

Summarized study of literature review

Paper title	Year of	Pape	Author	Materials	Methods	Findings and
	publicatio	r no.1	Name	added	used	conclusion
Study of swelling and shrinkage characteristics of expansive soil using silica gel as an admixture	April 2021	1	Uday A. Caudhari Vanshika Mucchhara	Silica Gel	Free Swell Index, standard proctor compaction test	Suitable Admixture to stabilize the soil, UCS value slightly icreased by adding silica gel
Characterizatio n of expansive soils for the foundation of an irrigation canal in the Peruvian Andes,Cabana- manazo case	2021	2	A Pilares - Hualpa, R Alfaro- Alejo, C A Pilares- Calla		Free expansion method, a swell index	Soil having high degree of expansion, which makes it highly dangerous with harmful effect and consequences for irrigation infrastructure
Effect of Geosynthetics on Swell Reduction during an Extreme rainfall Event	2023	3	Mohit Saily, Ivan Gratchev	Geosynthe tics	CBR test, long term soil column test in which the effect of geosynthetic s on vertical swell of soil	Geosynthetics does not improve the CBR of the saturated soil, reduction in swelling
Compaction and swelling behaviour of black cotton soil mixed with different noncementitious materials	2017	4	Vikas Malik, Akash Priyadarshe e	Fly ash, rice husk ash ,tyre waste`, stone dust	SPT, swelling test	Addition of stone dust dosen't affect MDD significantly. Fly ash and rice husk reduces MDD. Decrease in heaving and swelling pressure is found due to addition of all the additives.
Sustainable soil stabilization of expansive soil subgrades through lime fly	August 2024	5	Tejashri Sa mbre , Mahesh Endait, Swati Patil	Lime and flyash	UCS, CBR Test, swell test	The mixture of lime- flyash can be used for soil stabilization & can be helpful for engineers and

ash admixtures						researchers in
						designing and constructing sustainable infrastructure.
Swelling properties of soils treated with chemicals and flyash	2014	6	G Radhakrish nan, Dr M Anjan Kumarand Dr GVR Prasada Raju	Magnesiu m chloride (MgCl ₂), Aluminum Chloride (AlCl3) and flyash	Free Swell Index as per IS2720(Part XL)-1977, Max Dry Density & OMC as per IS2720(Part 7&8)-1983, Swell Pressure Testing as per IS2720(Part XLI)-1977.	chemical and flyash combination is very effective in reducing the swell pressure, swell potential of the expansive soil considered.
Experimental behaviour of swell- shrink behaviour of expansive soil	June 2013	7	Sangita P. Lajurkar , Shantanu R. Khandeshw ar , Rajesh M. Dhoble3,Ras hmi G. Bade	Black cotton soil, bentonite and grey clay	Swelling test	A newly proposed parameter "Limiting Unit Shrink Potential" appropriately characterizes the shrinking behaviuor of expansive soil up to the transition zone, this "Unit Shrink Potential" has important relevance in predicting cyclic volumetric changes exhibited by any natural or manmade soil mass.,Below the shrinkage limit there is a transition zone in which reduction in water content does not cause volume decrease.
Stabilization of expansive soil: A review	Feb 2024	8	Dharmendr a Singh, Vijay Kumar and R.P. Tiwari	Lime, fly ash, coir fibre, Baggase ash	Mechanical Stabilization , Chemical Stabilization	Admixtures were used to stabilised expansive soil.by stabilizing fly ash in expansive soil .The geotechnical properties expansive soil may be improved by stabilization of expansive soil employing material.
Recent	July 2023	9	Umar Zada,	Soil	Mechanical	The effectiveness of
advances in			Arshad	marble	Stabilization	the material listed
expensive soil			Jamal,	waste	, Chemical	above has

stabilization	Mudassir	powder,	Stabilization	previously
using	Iqbal, Sayed	fly ash, egg		demonstrated to be
admixtures:	M. Eldin ,	shell		capable of
current	Meshal	powder,		stabilizing
challenges and	Almoshaoge	stone		expansive soil and
opportunities	h, Souhila	waste,		being environment
	Rehab	lime		friendly .
	Bekkouche,	powder		
	Sultan			
	Almuaythir			

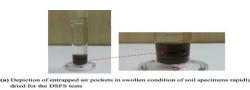
SOME IMAGES OF MATERIALS & METHODS USED IN THE STUDY (SOURCE OF ALL IMAGES IS GOOGLE)





4. Egg Shell Powder







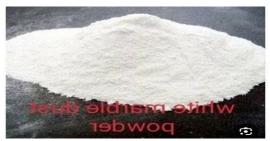
(b) Pictorial comparison of final swell of: (i) as-compacted, and (ii) desiccated Trichy soil – 2 specimens at a given placement condition

5. Free Swelling Method





3.Expansive Soil 6. Rice Husk



7. Marble Powder



8.Fly Ash

RESULTS

This research paper has provided a comprehensive review and study of expansive soils, highlighting their behavior, properties and stabilization methods. this study has contributed a detailed knowledge on expansive soil and has provided practical knowledge for the researchers working on these type of soil

CONCLUSION

Concluding remark from the above reviews that the various materials and methods for swelling soil stabilization presents a positive avenue for the sustainable construction practices. Various materials have been shown to improve the properties of soils by reducing its swelling property and improving strength.

FUTURE SCOPE

Future scope of review studies on expansive soil treatment could focus on developing sustainable and cost-effective stabilization method exploring the long-term performance of various treatments ultimately enhancing construction practices using various methods and materials in expansive soil

Reference

1.Uday A. Chaudhari and Vanshika Mucchhara "Study of swelling and shrinkage characteristics of expansive soil using silica gel as admixture."

2. A Pilares -Hualpa, R Alfaro- Alejo, C A Pilares-Calla and O E Alfaro- Vilca "Characterization of expansive soils for the foundation of an irrigation a canal in the Peruvian Andes, Cabana- Manazo case, IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 939(2021) 012062.

- 3 Mohit Saily, Ivan Gratchev "Effects of Geosynthetics on swell Reduction During an Extreme rainfall Event" International Journal of Geosynthetics and Ground Engineering (2023) 9:78
- 4. Vikas Malik and Akash Priyadarshee "Compaction and swelling Behaviour of black cotton soil mixed with different non cementitious materials" International Journal of Geotechnical Engineering 2017
- 5. Tejashri Sambre, Mahesh Endait, Swati Patil "Sustainable soil stabilization of expansive soil subgrades through lime-fy ash admixture" Discover Civil Engineering. Received: 18 May 2024 / Accepted: 21 August 2024 © The Author(s) 2024 OPEN
- 6. G Radhakrishnan, Dr M Anjan Kumar, and Dr GVR Prasada Raju "Swelling Properties of Expansive Soils Treated with Chemicals and Flyash" American Journal of Engineering Research (AJER) e-ISSN: 2320-0847 p-ISSN: 2320-0936 Volume-03, Issue-04, pp-245-250 www.ajer.org
- 7. Sangita P. Lajurkar , Shantanu R. Khandeshwar , Rajesh M. Dhoble,Rashmi G. Bade "Experimental Study on Shrink- Swell Behaviour of Expansive Soil" International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology Vol. 2, Issue 6, June 2013.
- 8.Foundation Engg. Handbook,2nd edition-Y Fang, chapter 9 "Soil Stabilization & Grouting", page no318 & 324.
- 9.Dr.Y.S.Golait, S.P.Lajurkar, R.G.Bade,"Study of expansive clay stabilization by diffusion of chemical solutions". Indian Geotechnical conference December2012,Delhi (Paper N.B207)
- 10.Mechanics and Foundation Engineering Dr.K.R.Arora, Page No.380-384.
- 11.Strength behaviour of expansive soil treated with lime and CaCl2 by Dr.Kumar,R.P.Bhyravavajhala.lib.hpu.eduon/comp-meeting/----/papers/ES/ES00663pdf
- 12. DHARMENDRA SINGH , VIJAY KUMAR AND RP TIWARI "Stabilization of expansive soil : A review"
- 13. umar zada , Arshad jamal ,mudassir Iqbal , sayed M . eldin , meshal almoshaogeh , souhila rehab bekkouche , sultan almuaythir " recent

- advances in expansive soil stabilization using admixtures: current changes and opportunities
- 15. IRC: SP: 89-2010," Guidelines for soil and granular material stabilization using cement , lime and fly ash ", Indian road congress , New delhi .
- 16. karthik, S., kumar , ashok , gowtham,P., elango,G ., gokul, D , Thangarg,s (2014), " soil stabilization by using fly ash " , IOSR journal of civil and mechanical engineering , IOSR-JMCE, Vol 10, pp 20-26
- 17. Dr.K.R Arora "Soil mechanics and foundation engineering "ISBN-13: 978-8180141126 ISBN-10:8180141128