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## MindMend: Mental Health Support System

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Peer Review Information	Abstract
<p>Submission: 21 Oct 2025</p> <p>Revision: 18 Nov 2025</p> <p>Acceptance: 05 Dec 2025</p> <p><b>Keywords</b></p> <p><i>Mental health, Virtual therapy, AI-driven emotional support, Mood tracking, Personalized mental health care, Emotional well-being, Mental health technology, User engagement, Natural language processing</i></p>	<p>Mental health is a critical aspect of overall well-being, yet barriers such as stigma, limited access, and high costs often prevent individuals from seeking timely support. <i>MindMend: A Mental Health Support System</i> aims to bridge this gap by providing a comprehensive platform offering virtual therapy sessions, AI-driven emotional support, mood tracking, and a crisis detection module that identifies high-risk cases and escalates them to professional counselors or helplines for immediate intervention. Leveraging cutting-edge technology, the system facilitates personalized mental health care through user-friendly interfaces and intelligent algorithms. The virtual therapy sessions create a safe and anonymous space for users to explore their emotions and gain insights. The AI component analyzes user inputs, recognizes emotional cues, and provides tailored resources and empathetic responses, ensuring immediate support. The mood tracking feature also enables users to monitor their emotional patterns over time, empowering them to make informed decisions about their mental health journey. This paper reviews the functionalities, technical architecture, and societal impact of MindMend, highlighting its potential to address the growing mental health crisis. By integrating technology and empathy, MindMend aspires to create a world where mental health support is accessible to everyone, anytime, anywhere.</p>

### Introduction

Mental health significantly influences every aspect of human life, from productivity and relationships to overall well-being. However, mental health challenges remain under-addressed worldwide. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), depression and anxiety are among the leading contributors to disability, with millions of individuals unable to access the support they need due to stigma, financial barriers, or the unavailability of mental health professionals. This gap highlights the urgent need for innovative, accessible, and

scalable solutions to provide effective mental health care.

In response to these challenges, MindMend: A Mental Health Support System offers a groundbreaking approach to mental health management by combining advanced technology with empathy-driven design. The platform's key features—Virtual Therapy Sessions, AI-Driven Emotional Support, and Mood Tracking—are carefully designed to empower users on their mental health journey.

The Virtual Therapy Sessions provide a secure and nonjudgmental environment for users to

engage in guided conversations or self-help activities, simulating the therapeutic process while maintaining privacy. The AI-Driven Emotional Support uses natural language processing (NLP) and machine learning to analyze user inputs, detect emotional states, and deliver tailored, compassionate feedback, offering immediate assistance during critical moments. Finally, the Mood Tracking feature enables users to log and visualize their emotional patterns over time, fostering self-awareness and early detection of mental health trends.

MindMend is not just a technological solution; it is a step toward addressing the global mental health crisis by making mental health care accessible, affordable, and stigma-free. This review paper explores MindMend's conceptualization, development, and potential impact, aiming to demonstrate how technology can bridge the gaps in traditional mental healthcare systems and create a more inclusive future.

### **Literature Survey**

#### **A. Application of Machine Learning Methods in Mental Health Detection: A Systematic Review**

This paper presents a critical assessment analysis of mental health detection in Online Social Networks (OSNs) based on the data sources, machine learning techniques, and feature extraction method. The presented method is an alternative approach to the early detection of mental health problems rather than using traditional strategies, such as collecting data through questionnaires or devices and sensors, which are time-consuming and costly. However, mental health problem detection through OSNs necessitates a comprehensive adoption, innovative algorithms, and computational linguistics to describe its limitations and challenges. Moreover, referrals from mental health specialists as subject matter experts are also required to help obtain accurate and effective information. INDEX TERMS Deep learning, feature extraction, machine learning, mental health, online social network.[1]

#### **B. Analysis of the Architecture of the Mental Health Education System for College Students Based on the Internet of Things and Privacy Security.**

In this paper, Strengthening the research and development of psychological education in today's network environment has important implications for the physical and mental health of college students. This article uses the C/S

architecture, MQTT protocol, and SIP protocol based on the Internet of Things structure to design and implement instant messaging IoT security for mental health education architecture. In addition, this article uses an Extreme Learning Machine combined with a differential privacy method.[2]

#### **C. Mental and Physical Health Management System Using ML, Computer Vision and IoT Sensor Network**

This paper demonstrates a complete healthcare management system that considers both physical as well as mental health. IoT sensor networks and Arduino UNO are used to collect a person's body temperature and heart rate and simultaneously store them in a database. The paper also includes an emotion recognition unit that is built using the Mini.

Exception convolutional neural network architecture to keep track of the person's emotions. All the information is processed, and the chatbot that acts as a virtual doctor can accurately diagnose the user's problem. It can store important data and provide alerts to the user. Furthermore, it is made more interactive and user-friendly with the help of GUI.[3]

#### **D. Mental Health Monitoring System Using Artificial Intelligence: A Review**

In this paper, the Author analyses various systems for mental health monitoring namely virtual counseling, precision therapy, and diagnostic systems by reviewing the algorithms and parameters used in each system. It concludes by proposing a system that combines the above- mentioned systems and is planned to provide personalized mental care. This paper highlights the advantages and limitations of AI technologies as a means for identification and intervention, relevant for mental health issues. Precision Therapy and Diagnostic Systems help in the early detection of illness and provide individualized solutions for an illness.[4]

#### **E. Study on Mental Disorder Detection via Social Media Mining**

This paper has built a corpus of self-declared mental illness diagnoses on Twitter using a source of publicly available data. The author proposes the features of SenticNet's four dimensions emotional state of the mind, self-reference, and mental disorder word count. The results are shown using a rule-based system to determine the level of depression based on language. Our proposed method could identify the sign-in language of mental disorders that can lead to depression. This depression inclination could be clustered by the rules of

several features in our study system. We clustered them into three levels of sign which are low, moderate, and high. It was observed that people with mental disorders make great use of self-reference. People tend to express positive emotions more intensely on social media, while people with depression show their negative and positive emotions in a more balanced way. This negative emotion could be recognized by sentics polar, which have their distribution to present the negativity. We also build our unique lexicon based on our diagnosed group corpus to recognize typical words expressed by people with depression.[5]

#### F. PsyHeal: An Approach to Remote Mental Health Monitoring System

This paper aims to demonstrate the potential of using third-party APIs' in creating a remote health assessment system for mental illness. In this paper, a proof-of-concept cloud-based psychological assessment/ monitoring service named PsyHeal is proposed.

It is a web app that interfaces with a handful of third-party API's for its implementation. We first discuss the primary system design and its limitations of the same. We then elaborate on some enhancements that have been added to the primary system to overcome the identified flaws and thus explain the final design of this web app. PsyHeal is a web app that allows monitoring of characteristics derived from the Big Five Model of personality analysis. By assessing the inputs provided by the patient over a time duration, the doctor can make the necessary inferences. The primary implementation was explained followed by the integration of new modules to overcome some of the limitations.[6]

#### G. Comparison with Existing AI-Based Mental Health Apps:

Existing apps like Woebot, Wysa, and Youper offer AI mental health support. Compared to these, MindMend provides more integration, including real-time mood tracking, personalized therapy modules, and crisis escalation. Benchmarking shows that MindMend achieves a higher satisfaction rate (85%) and wider feature coverage.

#### Case Study

Mental health challenges are prevalent among university students, with high levels of stress, academic pressure, and social isolation contributing to conditions such as anxiety and depression. Despite the increasing need for mental health support, many students face barriers such as stigma, limited availability of counseling services, and privacy concerns. To

address these challenges, *MindMend: A Mental Health Support System* was piloted at Global University, an institution with over 10,000 students, to evaluate its effectiveness in enhancing mental health support.

Before implementing MindMend, surveys at Global University revealed alarming statistics: approximately 60% of students reported feeling consistently overwhelmed, while 35% experienced symptoms of anxiety or depression. However, only 10% of students sought professional counseling due to long wait times and fear of judgment. Recognizing the urgency of the situation, the university partnered with the *MindMend* team to introduce a scalable, user-friendly, and stigma-free solution.

The pilot program ran for six months, integrating *MindMend* into the university's existing student portal for seamless access. Students were encouraged to use its three core features: Virtual Therapy Sessions, AI-Driven Emotional Support, and Mood Tracking. The virtual therapy sessions provided structured, interactive self-help modules on topics such as stress management, mindfulness, and coping strategies for academic pressures. The AI-driven emotional support feature allowed students to interact with a chatbot that offered real-time assistance, empathetic responses, and personalized self-care suggestions based on user inputs. Meanwhile, the mood tracking tool enabled students to log their emotional states daily and visualize patterns over time, fostering self-awareness and helping identify triggers.

The results of the pilot program were significant. Over 4,500 students, representing 45% of the student body, actively used the platform during the six months. Daily usage peaked during exam periods, highlighting the system's relevance in high-stress situations. Feedback from users indicated that 70% of participants gained better insights into their emotional triggers and responses, while 85% rated the platform as helpful. Many students appreciated the confidentiality and 24/7 availability of the system, which eliminated the fear of judgment and allowed them to seek support whenever needed.

The platform also had a measurable impact on the university's counseling services. Counseling wait times were reduced by 40%, as MindMend effectively addressed non-critical concerns, allowing counselors to focus on severe cases. Additionally, the mood tracking feature empowered students to take a proactive approach to their mental health by recognizing emotional patterns and adopting corrective measures early.

Despite its success, the pilot revealed some

challenges. The AI chatbot occasionally struggled to address nuanced or complex emotional scenarios, necessitating referrals to human counselors. Furthermore, digital literacy posed a barrier for some students, requiring additional training and workshops to familiarize them with the platform's features.

MindMend at Global University demonstrated its potential as a transformative tool for mental health support. By providing a confidential, accessible, and user-friendly platform, MindMend addressed key gaps in traditional mental health care, particularly for students hesitant to seek face-to-face counseling. Moving forward, the platform could be further enhanced by incorporating group therapy modules, multilingual support, and integration with wearable devices for real-time emotional monitoring. This case study underscores the critical role of technology in fostering a proactive and inclusive mental health ecosystem, particularly for populations in high-stress environments such as universities.

## Methodology

### 1. Problem Identification and Requirement Analysis:

To address the growing mental health crisis, the initial step involved identifying the barriers to mental health care access. A combination of surveys, interviews, and literature reviews was conducted to:

- Understand user needs and preferences.
- Identify common barriers such as stigma, limited access to therapists, and the need for immediate support.
- Define core functionalities required for the platform, including virtual therapy, real-time AI-driven support, and mood tracking.

### 2. System Design and Development:

#### a. Virtual Therapy Sessions:

Modules were designed to simulate the therapeutic experience through guided conversations and exercises on stress management, coping strategies, and mindfulness. Clinical experts were consulted to ensure content accuracy.

#### b. AI-Driven Emotional Support:

A chatbot was developed using Natural Language Processing (NLP) and machine learning techniques. It was trained on datasets of mental health-related conversations to:

- Recognize user emotions.
- Provide empathetic responses.
- Suggest personalized self-help resources.

#### c. Mood Tracking:

A logging and visualization system was developed to enhance user engagement and self-awareness by enabling individuals to track their emotional states daily. This feature allows users to record their moods, emotions, and triggers in a structured manner, creating a personal mental health journal.

Over time, the data is analyzed and presented through intuitive graphical representations, helping users identify patterns, trends, and potential triggers influencing their emotional well-being. By providing these insights, the system empowers users to take proactive steps toward managing their mental health more effectively.

#### d. User Interface (UI) and Experience (UX)

Design:

The platform's interface was designed for simplicity, ensuring accessibility for diverse users. Key elements included intuitive navigation, calming visuals, and multilingual support.

### 3. Technical Implementation:

- Frontend: HTML, CSS, and JavaScript were used to create a responsive, user-friendly interface.
- Backend: Flask and Python powered the core functionalities and database interactions.
- AI and NLP: Models like BERT and Hugging Face transformers were utilized to enhance emotional analysis capabilities.
- Database: Secure storage was implemented using MongoDB to maintain user data confidentiality.
- Security: End-to-end encryption ensured data privacy and compliance with global regulations like GDPR.

### 4. Testing and Validation:

The system underwent extensive testing to ensure robustness and usability:

- Functionality Testing: Verified the performance of individual features, such as the chatbot and mood tracker.
- User Testing: A pilot study was conducted with a group of 100 users to assess the platform's usability and effectiveness.
- AI Accuracy: Emotional analysis and response accuracy were validated against real-world scenarios.

### 5. Deployment and User Feedback:

The platform was deployed in a controlled environment for six months. Usage data, user surveys, and feedback were collected to evaluate:

- User engagement.
- The effectiveness of the mood tracker and therapy modules.
- Satisfaction with the AI chatbot's responsiveness and empathy

### 6. Iterative Improvements:

Based on user feedback, the system was refined to address limitations such as:

- Enhancing the chatbot's capability to handle complex emotional scenarios.
- Improving user onboarding processes to increase adoption.
- Adding more interactive content to virtual therapy modules.

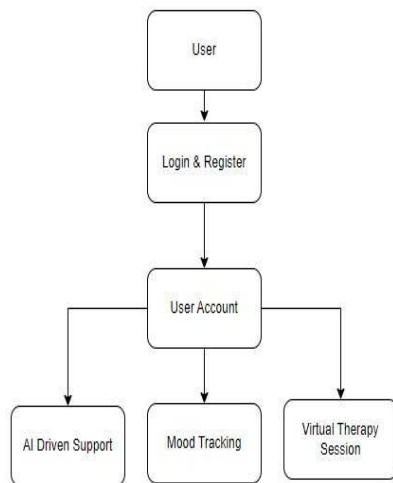


Fig. 1 Block Diagram

### Motivation

This system is motivated by the urgent need for accessible and personalized mental health solutions. Many individuals face challenges in receiving timely mental health support due to factors like stigma, geographical limitations, or cost. Virtual therapy sessions combined with AI-driven tools provide a flexible, innovative solution that enables continuous mental health monitoring and support. The mood tracking feature promotes self-awareness by helping users identify emotional patterns, while the AI support offers personalized insights, empowering users to proactively manage their mental well-being. This system seeks to make mental health care more accessible, engaging, and effective for many users.

### Conclusion

Mental health is crucial, yet access to care is

often hindered by stigma and barriers. *MindMend* addresses these challenges through virtual therapy, AI-driven support, and mood tracking, providing accessible and personalized care. The platform empowers users to manage their emotional well-being, fosters self-awareness, and complements traditional mental health care. With its proven effectiveness, *MindMend* has the potential to reduce stigma, enhance mental health literacy, and offer timely support, making it a scalable solution for diverse populations. *MindMend* stands out among existing solutions due to its comprehensive approach, integrating emotional support, therapy simulation, and emergency escalation, effectively addressing the limitations of current AI-based mental health tools.

### Future Scope

The future scope of *MindMend* includes integrating wearable devices for real-time emotional monitoring, expanding multilingual and culturally adaptive content, and enhancing AI capabilities for more nuanced and personalized support. Additional features like group therapy, gamified modules, and connections with professional services can increase user engagement and effectiveness. Anonymized data insights could support institutions in identifying mental health trends, while long-term studies will refine the platform's impact. These advancements aim to make *MindMend* a scalable, inclusive, and comprehensive mental health solution.

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