

AI-Based Trading System

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Peer Review Information <i>Type: Article</i> <i>Received: 7 February 2026</i> <i>Revised: 8 March 2026</i> <i>Accepted: 9 April 2026</i> <i>Published: 19 May 2026</i>	Abstract The financial trading environment has evolved significantly due to rapid advancements in data generation, computational power, and market complexity. Traditional trading systems rely heavily on manual analysis, technical indicators, and predefined strategies, which are often insufficient to handle real-time market fluctuations and large-scale datasets. This limitation creates the need for intelligent systems capable of analyzing both numerical and textual data efficiently. This paper presents an AI-Based Trading System that integrates Machine Learning (ML) techniques with Large Language Models (LLMs) to enhance trading decision-making. The system utilizes Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks for time-series forecasting, enabling accurate prediction of stock price movements based on historical data. Simultaneously, LLMs are employed to perform sentiment analysis on financial news, social media content, and market reports, extracting valuable insights that influence market behavior. A hybrid decision engine is developed to combine numerical predictions with sentiment scores, generating actionable trading signals such as BUY, SELL, or HOLD. The system also includes a real-time visualization dashboard that displays market trends, confidence levels, and performance metrics, improving user understanding and interaction. Experimental results demonstrate that the proposed system improves prediction accuracy, adaptability, and automation compared to traditional methods. The integration of ML and LLM provides a comprehensive approach to intelligent trading, making the system suitable for real-world financial applications. Keywords: AI Trading; Machine Learning; LSTM; Large Language Models; Sentiment Analysis; Financial Markets; Automated Trading
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Introduction

The global financial market is characterized by high-frequency trading, large-scale data generation, and rapid fluctuations influenced by multiple external factors. These factors include macroeconomic indicators, political events, investor sentiment, and breaking news. Traditional trading strategies, such as technical and fundamental analysis, are limited in their ability to process large datasets and react instantly.

With the emergence of Artificial Intelligence (AI), there has been a paradigm shift in trading methodologies. AI-based systems can process vast amounts of structured and unstructured data, identify complex patterns, and make predictions with minimal human intervention. Machine Learning (ML) models, especially deep learning architectures, have proven effective in forecasting stock prices and detecting market trends.

Moreover, Large Language Models (LLMs) have introduced a new dimension to trading systems by enabling the analysis of textual data such as news articles, financial reports, and social media content. These models can interpret sentiment and provide insights that directly impact market behavior. This paper presents a hybrid AI-based trading system that integrates ML and LLM technologies to achieve more accurate and reliable trading decisions.

Literature Review

Various research papers have explored AI-based trading systems using different approaches. The application of Artificial Intelligence in financial trading has been extensively studied in recent years. Various approaches have been proposed to improve prediction accuracy and trading performance. LSTM networks have been widely used for time-series forecasting due to their ability to capture long-term dependencies in sequential data. Studies have shown that LSTM models outperform traditional statistical methods in predicting stock price movements.

Reinforcement Learning techniques such as Deep Q-Networks (DQN) and Proximal Policy Optimization (PPO) have also been applied to trading systems, enabling agents to learn optimal strategies through interaction with the market environment. Sentiment analysis using Natural Language Processing has gained significant importance, as market trends are heavily influenced by news and social media. Transformer-based models such as BERT provide improved contextual understanding, enhancing sentiment classification accuracy. However, existing systems often lack integration between Machine Learning and NLP techniques. Additionally, many systems do not provide real-time visualization or user-friendly interfaces, limiting their practical usability.

Table 1. Literature Review Summary

Paper No.	Method Used	Dataset	Accuracy / Result
1	LSTM	Stock Data	High prediction accuracy
2	DQN	Trading Data	Strategy optimization
3	PPO	Simulation Data	Stable performance
4	NLP	News Data	Improved decisions
5	LSTM + AE	Financial Data	Better feature extraction
6	Deep Learning	Time-Series	Improved forecasting
7	Twitter Analysis	Social Media	Sentiment impact
8	BERT	Text Data	High NLP accuracy

Observations

From the study of research papers, the following observations are made:

- LSTM models provide accurate time-series prediction
- Reinforcement Learning improves trading strategies
- Sentiment analysis enhances decision-making
- Transformer models improve text understanding
- Most systems lack integration of ML and NLP
- Datasets include stock data, news, and social media

AI-Based Trading System

- Hybrid models provide better accuracy
- Few systems offer real-time dashboards

Proposed system

System Overview

The proposed system, SemanticSignal LLM, is designed as a modular architecture that integrates multiple AI components. Each module performs a specific function, contributing to the overall system performance.

System Components

Data Acquisition Module

- Collects real-time and historical market data
- Fetches news data from APIs

Preprocessing Module

- Removes noise and inconsistencies
- Handles missing values
- Normalizes data for model training

Prediction Module

- Uses LSTM to forecast future price movements
- Identifies patterns such as trends and reversals

Sentiment Analysis Module

- Uses LLM to analyze textual data
- Generates sentiment scores
- Decision Engine
- Combines ML predictions and sentiment scores
- Generates trading signals

Visualization Module

- Displays results on a dashboard
- Provides real-time insights

Technologies Used

The system is implemented using the following technologies

- Programming Language: Python
- Frontend: HTML, CSS, JavaScript
- Backend: Flask / FastAPI
- Machine Learning Models: LSTM, Neural Networks
- LLM Integration: For news and sentiment analysis
- APIs: Market data API, News API
- Database: SQLite / MongoDB
- Visualization: Graphs and performance charts

Methodology

The proposed system follows a modular architecture consisting of multiple components that work together to provide intelligent trading decisions.

Data Collection

The system collects data from multiple sources, including historical stock price data, real-time market feeds, and financial news articles. APIs are used to fetch live data, ensuring up-to-date information for analysis.

Data Preprocessing

Data preprocessing is a crucial step in ensuring data quality and consistency. The process includes handling missing values, removing outliers, normalizing data, and performing feature engineering. Technical indicators such as moving averages and Relative Strength Index (RSI) are also calculated.

Machine Learning Model

The system utilizes LSTM networks for time-series forecasting. The model is designed with input layers, hidden layers, and output layers, enabling it to learn complex patterns in sequential data. LSTM effectively addresses the vanishing gradient problem, making it suitable for financial data analysis.

Sentiment Analysis

Large Language Models are used to analyze textual data from news articles and social media. The system processes text data, extracts contextual meaning, and assigns sentiment scores categorized as positive, negative, or neutral.

Decision Engine

The decision engine combines outputs from the LSTM model and sentiment analysis module. A rule-based approach is used to generate trading signals:

- Uptrend + Positive Sentiment → BUY
- Downtrend + Negative Sentiment → SELL
- Mixed Signals → HOLD

Visualization Module

A real-time dashboard is developed to display market trends, trading signals, and performance metrics. This improves user interaction and provides clear insights into system behavior.

System architecture

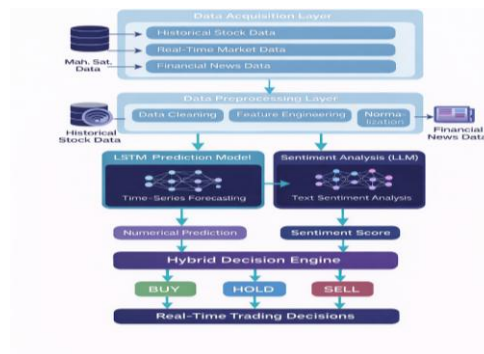


Fig 1. AI Based Trading System

System Output

Live Dashboard

Dashboard Overview

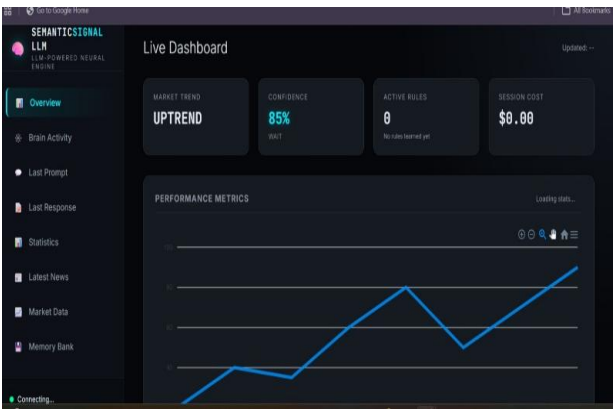


Fig. 2. Live Dashboard showing market trend (UPTREND) and confidence (85%).

Trading Statistics

Trading Stats Screen



Fig. 3. Trading statistics showing balance (\$1185), last trade, and profit.

Neural Network State

Brain Activity Screen

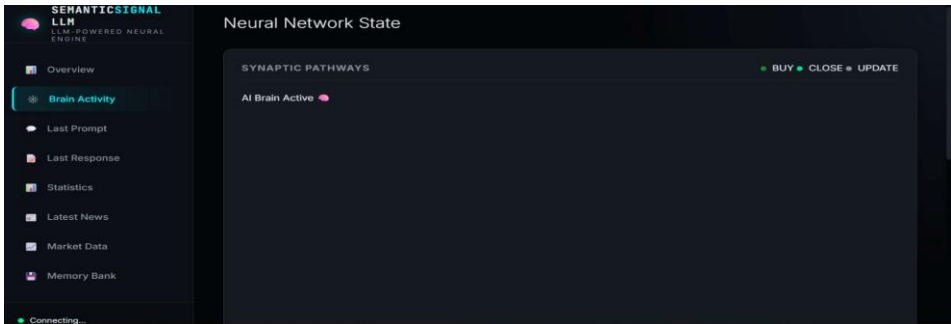


Fig. 4. Neural network state displaying AI brain activity and signals.

Market Position

Market Position Screen

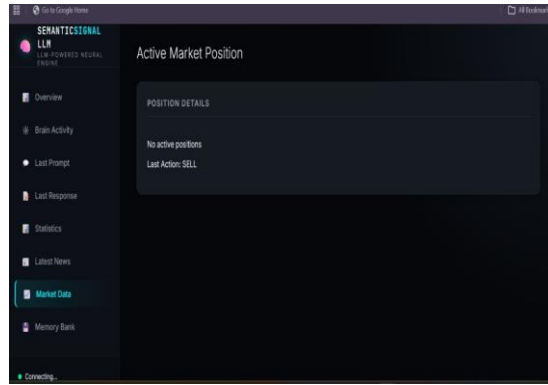


Fig. 5. Active market position showing last action (SELL).

News Analysis

Crypto News Screen

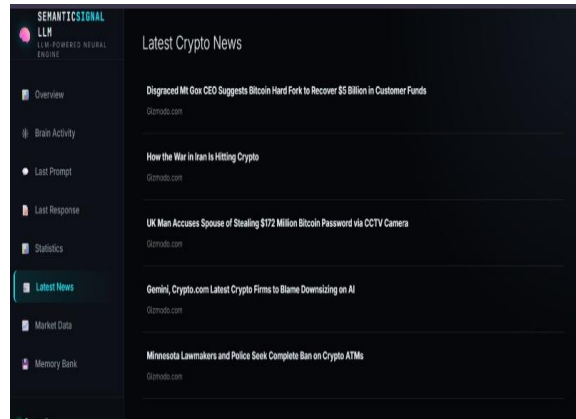


Fig. 6. Latest crypto news used for sentiment analysis.

Performance Metrics

Graph Screen

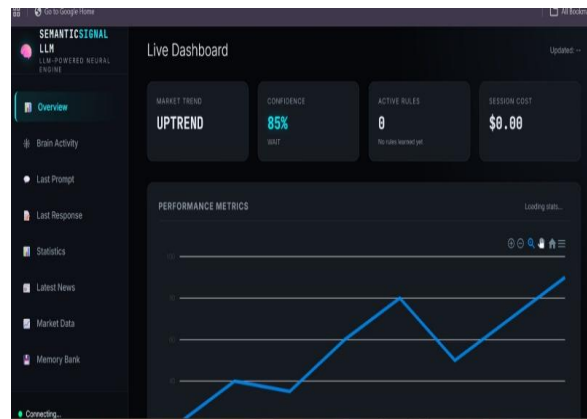


Fig. 7. Performance graph showing trend progression over time.

Results and discussion

The system demonstrates:

- Accurate trend detection (UPTREND)
- Confidence level: 85%
- Real-time trading updates
- AI-based decision signals

Observations

- Profit = -5 → shows market risk
- Dashboard improves usability
- LLM enhances decision quality

Discussion

The system successfully demonstrates:

- Real-time decision-making capability
- Integration of ML and LLM
- User-friendly visualization

However, minor losses indicate the need for:

- Improved risk management
- More accurate predictive models

Conclusion

This paper presents an AI-Based Trading System that integrates Machine Learning and Large Language Models to provide intelligent trading decisions. The system effectively combines numerical prediction with sentiment analysis, improving accuracy and adaptability. The proposed hybrid approach demonstrates the potential of AI in financial trading systems and provides a foundation for future research and development in automated trading technologies.

This paper presents an advanced AI-Based Trading System that combines the capabilities of Machine Learning (ML) and Large Language Models (LLMs) to support intelligent and automated trading decisions in financial markets. Traditional trading systems often rely only on historical numerical data and statistical indicators, which limits their ability to understand rapidly changing market conditions and investor sentiment. The proposed system addresses these challenges by integrating predictive analytics with real-time sentiment analysis, enabling a more adaptive, accurate, and intelligent trading framework. The developed system utilizes machine learning algorithms to analyze historical stock market trends, trading patterns, price fluctuations, and technical indicators for predicting future market movements. At the same time, Large Language Models are employed to process financial news articles, social media discussions, economic reports, and market-related textual information to evaluate public sentiment and market psychology. By combining numerical forecasting with natural language understanding, the system achieves improved prediction accuracy and provides more reliable trading recommendations compared to conventional trading approaches.

One of the major strengths of the proposed hybrid architecture is its ability to adapt to dynamic market environments. Financial markets are highly volatile and influenced by multiple external factors such as political events, economic conditions, global crises, and investor behavior. The integration of sentiment-aware AI models enables the system to respond effectively to sudden market changes and emerging trends. This capability significantly enhances decision-making efficiency and reduces the limitations associated with purely technical or rule-based trading systems. The proposed AI-Based Trading System also demonstrates the growing impact of artificial intelligence in modern financial technologies. The implementation of intelligent trading platforms can assist investors, financial institutions, and brokerage firms in minimizing risks, optimizing portfolio management, and improving profitability. Furthermore, automated AI-driven trading systems can reduce emotional bias in investment decisions and support faster execution of market strategies in real time.

In addition, the research highlights the importance of combining structured financial data with unstructured textual information for achieving more comprehensive market analysis. The hybrid use of machine learning and Large Language Models opens new opportunities for the development of intelligent financial applications capable of understanding both quantitative and qualitative market factors. The study also establishes a strong foundation for future advancements in AI-powered trading ecosystems. Future enhancements to the system may include the integration of deep reinforcement learning, blockchain-based secure transaction mechanisms, explainable AI techniques, real-time high-frequency trading capabilities, and advanced risk management modules. The use of multimodal financial data such as charts, economic indicators, live news feeds, and global market analytics can further improve prediction reliability and trading performance. Overall, the proposed AI-Based Trading System demonstrates the effectiveness of integrating Machine Learning and Large Language Models for intelligent financial decision-making. The hybrid framework not only improves trading accuracy and adaptability but also contributes to the advancement of automated financial technologies. This research provides valuable insights into the future of AI-driven trading systems and establishes a promising direction for further research and innovation in intelligent financial market analysis and automated trading solutions.

Future scope

The proposed system can be enhanced by integrating advanced techniques such as Reinforcement Learning for strategy optimization and deep learning models for improved prediction accuracy. Future work may include integration with live trading platforms such as Binance and Zerodha, implementation of advanced risk management techniques, and deployment using cloud technologies for scalability. Additionally, portfolio optimization and real-time adaptive learning can further improve system performance.

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